(Original Signature of Member)

115TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

H.R.

To grant States authority to enforce State and local sales and use tax laws on remote transactions, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Mrs. NOEM (for herself and $__$)) introduced	the following	bill;	which	was
referred to the Committee of	on				

A BILL

To grant States authority to enforce State and local sales and use tax laws on remote transactions, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Remote Transactions
- 5 Parity Act of 2017".

1 SEC. 2. AUTHORIZATION TO REQUIRE COLLECTION OF

- 2 SALES AND USE TAXES.
- 3 (a) STREAMLINED SALES AND USE TAX AGREE-
- 4 MENT.—Each Member State under the Streamlined Sales
- 5 and Use Tax Agreement is authorized notwithstanding
- 6 any other provision of law to require all remote sellers not
- 7 qualifying for the small remote seller exception described
- 8 in subsection (c) to collect and remit sales and use taxes
- 9 with respect to remote sales sourced to that Member State
- 10 pursuant to the provisions of the Streamlined Sales and
- 11 Use Tax Agreement, but only if any changes to the
- 12 Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement made after the
- 13 date of enactment of this Act, are not in conflict with the
- 14 minimum simplification requirements in subsection (b)(2).
- 15 A State may exercise authority under this Act on the 1st
- 16 day of a month beginning 180 days after the State pub-
- 17 lishes notice of the State's intent to exercise the authority
- 18 under this Act, but no earlier than the date provided in
- 19 section 3(h).
- 20 (b) Alternative.—A State that is not a Member
- 21 State under the Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agree-
- 22 ment is authorized notwithstanding any other provision of
- 23 law to require all remote sellers not qualifying for the
- 24 small remote seller exception described in subsection (c)
- 25 to collect and remit sales and use taxes with respect to
- 26 remote sales sourced to that State, but only if the State

1	adopts and implements the minimum simplification re-
2	quirements in paragraph (2). Such authority shall only
3	begin on the 1st day of a month and commence beginning
4	no earlier than the first day of the calendar quarter that
5	is at least 180 days after the date that the State—
6	(1) enacts legislation to exercise the authority
7	granted by this Act—
8	(A) specifying the tax or taxes to which
9	such authority and the minimum simplification
10	requirements in paragraph (2) shall apply; and
11	(B) specifying the products and services
12	otherwise subject to the tax or taxes identified
13	by the State under subparagraph (A) to which
14	the authority of this Act shall not apply; and
15	(2) implements each of the following minimum
16	simplification requirements:
17	(A) Provide—
18	(i) a single entity within the State re-
19	sponsible for all State and local sales and
20	use tax administration, return processing.
21	and audits for remote sales sourced to the
22	State;
23	(ii) except as provided in clause (iii)
24	and section 3(I), a single audit of a remote

l	seller	for	all	State	and	local	taxing	juris-
2	diction	ns w	rithi	n that	Stat	e;		

3 (iii) unless there is reasonable suspicion that the remote seller has engaged in intentional misrepresentation, if a re-6 mote seller utilizes a certified software pro-7 vider as described in section 4(1), the 8 State requesting the audit shall, at the op-9 tion of the remote seller, first contact the 10 certified software provider who shall have 11 the responsibility to provide the State with 12 complete records of transactions processed 13 for the remote seller and who will rep-14 resent the remote seller during the State's 15 audit and be responsible for the audit find-16 ings except as provided in subparagraphs 17 (F), (G), and (H) (Nothing herein shall 18 prevent the remote seller from contesting 19 audit findings, and the remote seller uti-20 lizing a certified software provider shall 21 not be contacted by a State requesting an 22 audit unless the remote seller either was 23 reasonably suspected of intentional mis-24 representation or has declined to have a

1	certified software provider represent it dur-
2	ing the audit.); and
3	(iv) a single sales and use tax return
4	to be used by remote sellers to be filed
5	with the single entity responsible for tax
6	administration.
7	A State may not require a remote seller to file
8	sales and use tax returns any more frequently
9	than returns are required for nonremote sellers.
10	No local jurisdiction may require a remote sell-
11	er to submit a sales and use tax return or to
12	collect sales and use taxes other than as pro-
13	vided by this paragraph.
14	(B) Provide a uniform sales and use tax
15	base among the State and the local taxing juris-
16	dictions within the State pursuant to paragraph
17	(1).
18	(C) Source all remote sales in compliance
19	with the sourcing definition set forth in section
20	4(10).
21	(D) Provide—
22	(i) a publicly available taxability and
23	exemption table which can be downloaded
24	in an easily usable format and accessed
25	electronically which indicates the taxability

1	of products and services along with any
2	product and service exemptions from sales
3	and use tax in the State, and which is up-
4	dated each calendar quarter for any
5	changes to the products and services speci-
6	fied under paragraph (1)(B);
7	(ii) a rates and boundary database in
8	an easily downloadable format and which is
9	updated each calendar quarter for rate and
10	boundary changes;
11	(iii) free access to all of the national
12	certified software providers that have been
13	approved pursuant to section (3)(g) and
14	that can determine the proper sales and
15	use tax in every State qualified under this
16	Act and that will—
17	(I) determine the correct sales
18	and use tax rate based on sourcing
19	rules in section 4(10) and calculate
20	the sales and use tax due at the time
21	of sale;
22	(II) generate and file sales and
23	use tax returns electronically;
24	(III) remit the sales and use
25	taxes to States electronically;

1	(IV) report all transactions proc-
2	essed to the remote seller;
3	(V) respond to sales and use tax
4	audit requests by States for remote
5	sellers; and
6	(VI) provide safeguards and pro-
7	tection of consumer privacy in any
8	data stored by the certified software
9	provider; and
10	(iv) certification procedures for per-
11	sons to be approved as certified software
12	providers.
13	Such free access shall include installation, setup
14	and maintenance of the automated system into
15	the remote seller's system. For purposes of
16	clause (iii), the software provided by national
17	certified software providers shall be capable of
18	calculating and filing sales and use taxes in all
19	States qualified under this Act.
20	(E) Relieve remote sellers from liability to
21	the State or locality for the incorrect collection,
22	remittance, or noncollection of sales and use
23	taxes, including any penalties or interest, if the
24	liability is the result of an error or omission
25	made by a certified software provider unless the

error or omission is the result of misleading, incomplete, or inaccurate information provided to the certified software provider by the remote seller.

- (F) Relieve certified software providers from liability to the State or locality for the incorrect collection, remittance, or noncollection of sales and use taxes, including any penalties or interest, if the liability is the result of misleading, incomplete, or inaccurate information provided by a remote seller.
- (G) Relieve remote sellers and certified software providers from liability to the State or locality for incorrect collection, remittance, or noncollection of sales and use taxes, including any penalties or interest, if the liability is the result of incorrect information or software provided or certified by the State.
- (H) Provide remote sellers and certified software providers with 90-days notice of rate and boundary changes and any changes to the products and services specified under paragraph (1)(B) by the State or any locality in the State and update the information described in clauses (i) and (ii) of subparagraph (D) accordingly

and relieve any remote seller or certified software provider from liability for collecting sales and use taxes at the immediately preceding effective rate during the 90-day notice period if the required notice is not provided.

- (I) Provide the following, but only if the law of a State allows a person, other than the State itself, to pursue a cause of action against a seller for under-collected or over-collected sales or use tax:
 - (i) That a person, other than the State itself, may not pursue any cause of action against a remote seller for undercollected or over-collected sales or use tax unless the remote seller has received written notice from the person that the remote seller has over-collected or under-collected sales and use tax, the notice contains information sufficient to determine the validity of the refund request or asserted under-collection, and the remote seller has not, within 60 days of receipt of the notice, refunded affected customers the amount of the over-collected sales and use tax or paid the under-collected amount of sales and

use tax to the State. No penalties may be imposed during the 60-day period in excess of the penalties that would otherwise be imposed by the State had no notice been provided pursuant to this paragraph.

- (ii) That a notice of over-collection from a person is only valid if received within the applicable statute of limitations for filing refunds for sales and use tax, and that a notice of under-collection from a person is only valid if received within the applicable statute of limitations for assessing underpayments of sales and use tax.
- (iii) That a person, other than the State itself, may not pursue any cause of action against a certified software provider for its activities conducted for a remote seller described in clause (i) unless the remote seller provides a copy of the written notice to the certified software provider within a reasonable time for the certified software provider to be able to assist the remote seller in making the payments within the time frame described in clause (i).

1	(iv) That a person, other than the
2	State itself, may pursue a cause of action
3	against a remote seller for under-collected
4	or over-collected sales or use tax if the re-
5	mote seller knew or should have known
6	that it had under-collected or over-collected
7	and did not, within 60 days of its deter-
8	mination, refund affected customers the
9	amount of the over-collected sales and use
10	tax or pay the amount of under-collected
11	sales and use tax to the State.
12	(J) Accepts registrations at no charge to

- (J) Accepts registrations at no charge to certified software provider or remote seller from a central online registration system that allows a remote seller to register to collect and remit sales and use taxes in all States that have exercised authority under this Act.
- (K) Relieve remote sellers and certified software providers, except in cases of fraud, from liability for tax, penalty, and interest on transactions if the purchaser provides to the remote seller the necessary documentation to claim an exemption within 90 days of the sale.
- (c) SMALL REMOTE SELLER PHASE-IN.—

1	(1) Collection authorized.—A State is au-
2	thorized to require the collection of sales and use
3	taxes by a remote seller under this Act only as fol-
4	lows:
5	(A) For the 1st calendar year following the
6	effective date, if the remote seller—
7	(i) has gross annual receipts exceed-
8	ing \$10,000,000 in the calendar year pre-
9	ceding the date of enactment; or
10	(ii) utilizes an electronic marketplace
11	for the purpose of making products or
12	services available for sale to the public.
13	(B) For the 2d calendar year following the
14	effective date, if the remote seller—
15	(i) has gross annual receipts exceed-
16	ing \$5,000,000 in the immediately pre-
17	ceding calendar year; or
18	(ii) utilizes an electronic marketplace
19	for the purpose of making products or
20	services available for sale to the public.
21	(c) For the 3d calendar year following the
22	effective date, if the remote seller—
23	(i) has gross annual receipts exceed-
24	ing \$1,000,000 in the immediately pre-
25	ceding calendar year; or

1	(ii) utilizes an electronic marketplace
2	for the purpose of making products or
3	services available for sale to the public.
4	(2) Determination of threshold.—For
5	purposes of determining whether the threshold in
6	this paragraph (1) is met—
7	(A) the sales of all persons related within
8	the meaning of subsections (b) and (c) of sec-
9	tion 267, or section 707(b)(1), of the Internal
10	Revenue Code of 1986 shall be aggregated; or
11	(B) persons with 1 or more ownership rela-
12	tionships shall also be aggregated if such rela-
13	tionships were designed with a principal pur-
14	pose of avoiding the application of these rules.
15	SEC. 3. LIMITATIONS.
16	(a) In General.—Nothing in this Act shall be con-
17	strued as—
18	(1) subjecting a remote seller or any other per-
19	son to franchise, income, occupation, or any other
20	type of taxes, other than sales and use taxes;
21	(2) affecting the application of such taxes; or
22	(3) enlarging or reducing State authority to im-
23	pose such taxes.

- 1 (b) No Effect on Nexus.—This Act shall not be
- 2 construed to create any nexus between a person and a
- 3 State or locality.
- 4 (c) Licensing and Regulatory Requirements.—
- 5 Nothing in this Act shall be construed as permitting or
- 6 prohibiting a State from—
- 7 (1) licensing or regulating any person;
- 8 (2) requiring any person to qualify to transact
- 9 intrastate business;
- 10 (3) subjecting any person to State or local taxes
- 11 not related to the sale of goods or services; or
- 12 (4) exercising authority over matters of inter-
- state commerce.
- 14 (d) No New Taxes.—Nothing in this Act shall be
- 15 construed as encouraging a State to impose sales and use
- 16 taxes on any goods or services not subject to a sales and
- 17 use tax prior to the date of the enactment of this Act.
- 18 (e) No Effect on Intrastate Sales.—The provi-
- 19 sions of this Act shall apply only to remote sales and shall
- 20 not apply to intrastate sales or intrastate sourcing rules.
- 21 States granted authority under section 2(a) shall comply
- 22 with all intrastate provisions of the Streamlined Sales and
- 23 Use Tax Agreement.
- 24 (f) No Effect on Mobile Telecommunications
- 25 Sourcing Act.—Nothing in this Act shall be construed

- 1 as altering in any manner or preempting the Mobile Tele-
- 2 communications Sourcing Act (4 U.S.C. 116–126).
- 3 (g) Certification Requirements.—A State may
- 4 not exercise authority under this Act unless the following
- 5 requirements are satisfied:
- 6 (1) The State provides certification procedures
- 7 for persons to be approved as certified software pro-
- 8 viders. A State may delegate the certification proce-
- 9 dures so long as the State retains final approval over
- any certification decisions.
- 11 (2) The State (or its delegate) does not deny or
- revoke certification to a software provider without a
- reasonable basis, or arbitrarily or capriciously. A
- 14 State must complete the certification review of the
- software provider no later than the first day of the
- 16 calendar quarter that is at least 180 days after the
- software provider requests certification by that
- 18 State.
- 19 (3) The State has certified multiple national
- 20 certified software providers, and the certifications
- are in effect. Nothing in this Act shall be construed
- 22 to deny the ability of a remote seller to deploy and
- 23 utilize a certified software provider of the seller's
- choice.

1	(4) The State provides compensation for cer-
2	tified software providers. A State may delegate the
3	authority to negotiate the compensation so long as
4	the State retains final approval of the compensation
5	rate(s).
6	(h) Limitation on Initial Collection of Sales
7	AND USE TAXES FROM REMOTE SALES.—A State may
8	not begin to exercise the authority under this title—
9	(1) before the date that is 1 year after the date
10	of the enactment of this Act; and
11	(2) during the period beginning October 1 and
12	ending on December 31 of the first calendar year
13	beginning after the date of the enactment of this
14	Act.
15	(i) Limitation on Audits of Remote Sellers.—
16	A State exercising authority under this Act—
17	(1) may not audit a remote seller that—
18	(A) has registered in the State under sec-
19	tion $2(b)(2)(J)$; and
20	(B) has gross annual receipts of less than
21	\$5,000,000 in the taxable year as aggregated in
22	subsection (c) of section 2;
23	unless there is reasonable suspicion that such remote
24	seller has engaged in intentional misrepresentation
25	or fraud; and

1	(2) may not have audits of remote sellers con-
2	ducted by persons whose compensation is contingent
3	upon audit findings.
4	(j) Limitation on Time Period To Assess Re-
5	MOTE SELLERS AND CERTIFIED SOFTWARE PRO-
6	VIDERS.—A State may not hold a remote seller or certified
7	software provider liable for the incorrect collection, remit-
8	tance, or noncollection of sales and use taxes, including
9	any penalties or interest, if the liability is for a sales or
10	use tax assessed under the authority of this Act more than
11	3 years after the later of the due date or the filing of
12	the sales and use tax return applicable to the sales and
13	use tax assessed.
14	(k) Remote Seller Compensation.—A State
15	must provide remote sellers with compensation equaling
16	no less than the amount, if any, the State provides to non-
17	remote sellers within the State.
18	SEC. 4. DEFINITIONS AND SPECIAL RULES.
19	In this Act:
20	(1) CERTIFIED SOFTWARE PROVIDER.—The
21	term "certified software provider" means a person
22	that—
23	(A) provides software or access to
24	software to remote sellers to facilitate State
25	and local sales and use tax compliance; and

1	(B) is certified by a State or on a State's
2	behalf to so provide such software.
3	(2) Effective date.—The term "effective
4	date" means the date that is 1 year after the date
5	of the enactment of this Act. However, if the date
6	that is 1 year after the date of the enactment of this
7	Act falls during the period beginning October 1 and
8	ending on December 31, the effective date shall be
9	January 1 of the immediately following year.
10	(3) Electronic marketplace.—The term
11	"electronic marketplace" means a digital marketing
12	platform where—
13	(A) products or services are offered for
14	sale by more than 1 remote seller; and
15	(B) buyers may purchase such products or
16	services through a common system of financial
17	transaction processing.
18	(4) Locality; local.—The terms "locality"
19	and "local" refer to any political subdivision of a
20	State.
21	(5) Member state.—The term "Member
22	State"—
23	(A) means a Member State as that term is
24	used under the Streamlined Sales and Use Tax

1 Agreement as in effect on the date of the enact-2 ment of this Act; and

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- (B) does not include any associate member or a member that is not a full member under the Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement.
- NATIONAL CERTIFIED SOFTWARE VIDER.—The term "national certified software provider" means a certified software provider that has been certified by all States that are certifying States. A "certifying State" is a State that has a generally applicable sales and use tax, that has met the requirements set forth under section 3(g)(1), and that has not violated the requirements set forth in section 3(g)(2). Once a certified software provider is a national certified software provider, it shall not lose its status as such when a State becomes a certifying State so long as the national certified software provider requested certification from the new certifying State within 30 days from the date that the State became a certifying State and the certifying State has not violated section 3(g)(2).
 - (7) PERSON.—The term "person" means an individual, trust, estate, fiduciary, partnership, corporation, limited liability company, or other legal entity, and a State or local government.

1 (8) Remote sale.—The term "remote sale"
2 means a sale that originates in one State and is
3 sourced to another State as provided in section
4 (10) which the seller would not legally be required
5 to pay, collect, or remit State or local sales and use
6 taxes without the authority provided by this Act.

- (9) Remote sell-er" means a person that makes remote sales in the State without a physical presence. For purposes of this paragraph, a person has a physical presence in a State only if such person's business activities in the State include any of the following during such person's tax able year:
 - (A) Being an individual physically in the State, or assigning one or more employees to be in the State.
 - (B) Using the services of an agent (excluding an employee) to establish or maintain the market in the State, if such agent does not perform business services in the State for any other person during such taxable year.
- (c) The leasing or owning of tangible personal property or of real property in the State.
 For purposes of this paragraph, the term "physical presence" shall not include presence in a State for

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less than 15 days in a taxable year (or a greater number of days if provided by State law), or presence in a State to conduct limited or transient business activity.

(10) Sourced.—For purposes of a State granted authority under section 2(b), the location to which a remote sale is sourced refers to the location where the product or service sold is received by the purchaser, based on the location indicated by instructions for delivery that the purchaser furnishes to the seller. When no delivery location is specified, the remote sale is sourced to the customer's address, including the customer's place of primary use that is either known to the seller or, if not known, obtained by the seller during the consummation of the transaction, including the address of the customer's payment instrument if no other address is available. If an address or place of primary use is unknown and a billing address cannot be obtained, the remote sale is sourced to the address of the seller from which the remote sale was made. The term "received" means taking possession of product or making first use of services. A State granted authority under section 2(a) shall comply with the sourcing

- provisions of the Streamlined Sales and Use Tax
 Agreement.
- 3 (11) State.—The term "State" means any of
- 4 the several States, the District of Columbia, the
- 5 Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, Guam, American
- 6 Samoa, the United States Virgin Islands, the Com-
- 7 monwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, or any
- 8 territory or possession of the United States.
- 9 (12) STREAMLINED SALES AND USE TAX
- 10 AGREEMENT.—The term "Streamlined Sales and
- 11 Use Tax Agreement" means the multistate agree-
- ment with that title adopted on November 12, 2002,
- as in effect on the date of the enactment of this Act
- and as further amended from time to time.

15 SEC. 5. SEVERABILITY.

- 16 If any provision of this Act, or the application of such
- 17 provision to any person or circumstance, is held to be un-
- 18 constitutional, then the remainder of this Act, and the ap-
- 19 plication of the provisions of such to any person or cir-
- 20 cumstance, shall not be affected thereby.